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US NONPROVISIONAL Patent Application For

**ELECTRIC COOKING DEVICE SUITABLE FOR
GRILLING AND BAKING FOODSTUFFS**

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**ELECTRIC COOKING DEVICE SUITABLE FOR
GRILLING AND BAKING FOODSTUFFS**

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

5 The present invention relates to an electric cooking device, more particularly to an electric cooking device that is suitable for grilling and baking foodstuffs.

2. Description of the Related Art

10 As shown in Figures 1 and 2, a conventional electric cooking device includes a base unit 11 and a cover unit 12. The base unit 11 includes a lower housing 110 made of a heat resistant material, a lower cookware member 111 made of a heat conductive material and mounted in the lower housing 110, and an electric heating element 112 operatively coupled to the lower cookware member 111 for supplying heat to the lower cookware member 111. The cover unit 12 includes an upper housing 120 made of a heat resistant material, an upper cookware member 121 made of a heat conductive material and mounted in the upper housing 120, and an electric heating element 122 operatively coupled to the upper cookware member 121 for supplying heat to the upper cookware member 121. The upper housing 120 is mounted pivotally to the lower housing 110 such that the cover unit 12 is movable to a closed position relative to the base unit 11 so as to form a cooking chamber with the base unit 11.

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The lower cookware member 111 includes a grill plate 14 and a surrounding wall 15 that extends upwardly from a periphery of the grill plate 14. The grill plate 14 is formed with an oil-collecting hole 141 adjacent to a front edge portion thereof, and has a top surface formed with a plurality of straight grill ribs 142. Each of the grill ribs 142 has one end adjacent to the oil-collecting hole 141, and generally extends in a radial outward direction relative to the oil-collecting hole 141.

In use, oil that is generated when cooking foodstuffs on the grill plate 14 is drained through the oil-collecting hole 141.

In the conventional electric cooking device, since the grill ribs 142 generally extend in radial directions, the grill ribs 142 are more closely arranged at the vicinity of the oil-collecting hole 141 than at the vicinity of a rear edge portion of the grill plate 14. The arrangement as such results in uneven heat distribution that tends to scorch portions of the foodstuffs on the grill plate 14.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Therefore, the object of the present invention is to provide an electric cooking device that can overcome the aforesaid drawback associated with the prior art.

According to the present invention, an electric cooking device comprises a base unit that includes a

lower housing, a lower cookware member mounted in the lower housing, and an electric heating element operatively coupled to the lower cookware member for supplying heat to the lower cookware member.

5 The lower cookware member includes a grill plate that has front and rear edge portions opposite to each other in a first direction, and left and right edge portions opposite to each other in a second direction transverse to the first direction and interconnecting the front and rear edge portions. The grill plate defines a plate axis that extends in the first direction and that is disposed between the left and right edge portions.

10 The grill plate has a top cooking surface that inclines rearwardly and upwardly from the front edge portion to the rear edge portion relative to a horizontal plane. The top cooking surface of the grill plate further inclines downwardly from the plate axis to each of the left and right edge portions.

15 The grill plate is formed with an oil-collecting hole adjacent to the front edge portion and disposed at the plate axis. The oil-collecting hole has left and right sides relative to the plate axis.

20 The top cooking surface of the grill plate is formed with a plurality of curved grill ribs. Each of the grill ribs includes a curved left rib portion extending from the left side of the oil-collecting hole to the plate axis, and a curved right rib portion extending from the

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plate axis to the right side of the oil-collecting hole.

The grill ribs have different arc lengths and intersect the plate axis at different distances with respect to the oil-collecting hole such that longer ones of the grill ribs surround shorter ones of the grill ribs.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Other features and advantages of the present invention will become apparent in the following detailed description of the preferred embodiment with reference to the accompanying drawings, of which:

Figure 1 is an assembled perspective view of a conventional electric cooking device;

Figure 2 is a schematic top view of a lower cookware member of the conventional electric cooking device;

Figure 3 is a partly exploded perspective view of the preferred embodiment of an electric cooking device according to the present invention;

Figure 4 is a schematic top view of a lower cookware member of a base unit of the preferred embodiment;

Figure 5 is a sectional view of the preferred embodiment, taken along lines V-V in Figure 4; and

Figure 6 is another sectional view of the preferred embodiment, taken along lines VI-VI in Figure 4.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Referring to Figures 3 and 4, the preferred embodiment of an electric cooking device according to the present

invention is shown to include a base unit 2, a cover unit 3, and a baking pan 5.

5 The base unit 2 includes a lower housing 20 made of a heat resistant material, a lower cookware member 21 made of a heat conductive material and mounted in the lower housing 20, and a first C-shaped electric heating element 22 operatively coupled to the lower cookware member 21 for supplying heat to the lower cookware member 21. The lower cooking member 21 includes a grill plate 10 210 and a surrounding wall 212 that extends upwardly from a periphery of the grill plate 210.

The cover unit 3 includes an upper housing 30 made of a heat resistant plastic material, an upper cookware member 31 made of a heat conductive metal material and 15 mounted in the upper housing 30, and a second C-shaped electric heating element 32 operatively coupled to the upper cookware member 31 for supplying heat to the upper cookware member 31. The upper housing 30 is mounted movably to the lower housing 20 such that the cover unit 20 3 is pivotable to a closed position relative to the base unit 2 so as to form a cooking chamber with the base unit 2.

Referring further to Figures 5 and 6, the grill plate 210 has front and rear edge portions 214, 215 opposite 25 to each other in a first direction, and left and right edge portions 216, 217 opposite to each other in a second direction transverse to the first direction and

interconnecting the front and rear edge portions 214, 215. The grill plate 210 defines a plate axis (X) that extends in the first direction and that is disposed between the left and right edge portions 216, 217.

5 The grill plate 210 has a top cooking surface that inclines rearwardly and upwardly from the front edge portion 214 to the rear edge portion 215 at an angle ranging from 3 to 8 degrees relative to a horizontal plane, as best shown in Figure 5. The top cooking surface
10 of the grill plate 210 further inclines downwardly from the plate axis (X) to each of the left and right edge portions 216, 217 at an angle ranging from 2 to 10 degrees relative to an inclined reference plane which has the plate axis (X) extending therein, as best shown in Figure
15 6.

 The grill plate 210 is formed with an oil-collecting hole 211 adjacent to the front edge portion 214 and disposed at the plate axis (X). The oil-collecting hole 211 has left and right sides 2111, 2112 relative to the
20 plate axis (X), as best illustrated in Figure 4.

 The top cooking surface of the grill plate 21 is formed with a plurality of curved grill ribs 213. Each of the grill ribs 213 includes a curved left rib portion 2131 extending from the left side 2111 of the oil-collecting
25 hole 211 to the plate axis (X), and a curved right rib portion 2132 extending from the plate axis (X) to the right side 2112 of the oil-collecting hole 211, as best

shown in Figure 4.

The grill ribs 213 have different arc lengths and intersect the plate axis (X) at different distances with respect to the oil-collecting hole 211 such that longer ones of the grill ribs 213 surround shorter ones of the grill ribs 213.

The base unit 2 further includes an oil-collecting box 201 mounted removably under the oil-collecting hole 211 for collecting oil that drips through the latter.

In use, foodstuffs are placed on the top cooking surface of the grill plate 210. As the top cooking surface inclines downwardly from the rear edge portion 215 to the front edge portion 214 of the grill plate 210 and from the plate axis (X) to the left and right edge portions 216, 217 of the grill plate 210, and as an inclined annular groove is formed between each adjacent pair of the grill ribs 213, oil that is generated during grilling of the foodstuffs on the grill plate 210 will be guided to the oil-collecting hole 211 for subsequent collection in the oil-collecting box 201.

Due to the curved grill ribs 213 that define annular grooves thereamong, a more even distribution of the grill ribs 213 throughout the top cooking surface of the grill plate 210 is possible such that the drawback of uneven heat distribution commonly encountered with the use of the straight grill ribs of the prior art can be avoided. Furthermore, due to the inclined configuration of the

grill plate 210, clearances between the foodstuff and the grill plate 210 can be increased to further reduce the risk of scorching.

Moreover, aside from grilling foodstuffs, the electric cooking device of this invention is also suitable for baking foodstuffs, such as baked rice casserole. Particularly, as shown in Figure 6, the baking pan 5 has a rim that is supported removably on a top edge of the surrounding wall 212 of the lower cookware member 21. The foodstuff to be baked is then placed in the baking pan 5.

While the present invention has been described in connection with what is considered the most practical and preferred embodiment, it is understood that this invention is not limited to the disclosed embodiment but is intended to cover various arrangements included within the spirit and scope of the broadest interpretation so as to encompass all such modifications and equivalent arrangements.